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## DATES

**BORN:** 

7th December 1867

RAISED:

Warsaw in Poland

DIED:

4th July 1934 in Passy Haute-Savoie, France

AGE:

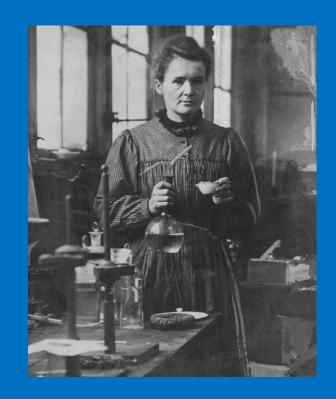
66 years old



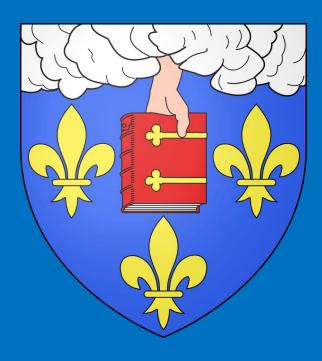
Picture of her birthplace in Poland

## **CHARACTER**

TYPE OF PERSON SHE WAS: She was very clever, fearless and thoughtful.



#### SCHOOL/EDUCATION



#### • EDUCATION:

When she was 10 years old she went to the boarding school of J. Sikorska.

After this she attended a gymnasium for girls. she graduated on 12th June 1883 with a gold medal.

1891 – at the University of Paris she studied physics, chemistry and maths.

## FAMILY

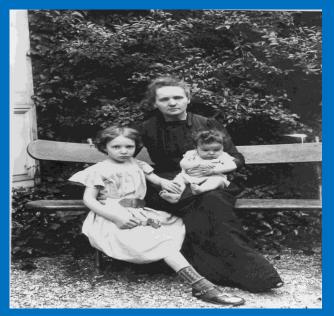
#### **HUSBAND**:

She married Pierre Curie in 1895. He sadly died before Marie in 1906

#### **CHILDREN:**

She had two children named Irène Joliot-Curie who was born in 1897 and Ève Curie who was born in 1904.





## **FAMOUS**

#### WHY WAS SHE FAMOUS:

She is remembered for her discovery of radium and polonium, and her huge contribution to finding treatments for cancer.

She was also the first woman to win a Nobel prize and the only woman to win two Nobel prizes



## Awards

Award	Year	Award	Year
Nobel Prize in Physics	1903	Davy Medal	1903
Nobel Prize in Chemistry	1911	Elliott Cresson Medal	1909
John Scott Legacy Medal and Premium	1921	Willard Gibbs Award	1921
Matteucci Medal	1904	Benjamin Franklin Medal	1921

### INTERESTING FACTS



Her name when she was born was Marya Salomee Sklodowska.

She spoke Polish, Russian, French and English.

Marie Curie was left handed.

❖ She gave her name to a hospital in 1929. This was the Marie Curie hospital in London. The hospital was for women cancer patients.

❖ A charity founded on 6th July 1948 to help cancer patients was named after her. It was called The Marie Curie International Memorial but is now just Marie Curie.